

Clinicopathological Features and Management of Diminutive and Small Colorectal Lesions: Japanese Perspective







Background

In Japan, treatment strategy of diminutive polyps (≤ 5 mm) is controversial ✓ Leave behind ✓ Take a biopsy ✓ Remove → Pathology

"Resect & discard" strategy was advocated for savings in time and cost

✓ Remove ※ Pathology

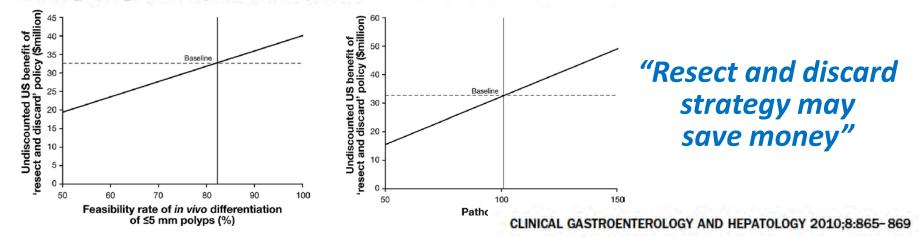


Background (cont'd)

A Resect and Discard Strategy Would Improve Cost-Effectiveness of Colorectal Cancer Screening

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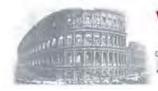
Background (cont'd)

Surveillance interval after screening colonoscopy and polypectomy is determined according to the number and size of polyps, and histology.

If we accept "Resect & Discard Policy" ... We have to judge ...

- Number
- Size of neoplastic polyps
- Histology

without pathological diagnosis



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Screening Colonoscopy



Pedunculated Sessile Flat/ Depressed

Large (≥ 10 mm) Small (6-9 mm) Diminutive (≤ 5mm)



Colonoscopic miss rate- Review

Subjects: 465 Pts (6 Studies)

Overall miss rate: 22%

- 26% ≤ 5 mm, adenoma
- 13% 6-9 mm, adenoma
- 2.1% ≥ 10 mm, adenoma



Colonoscopic miss rate- Review

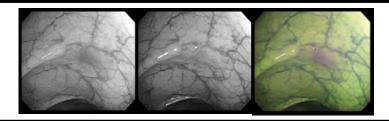
"High-quality" screening colonoscopy should decrease miss rate.

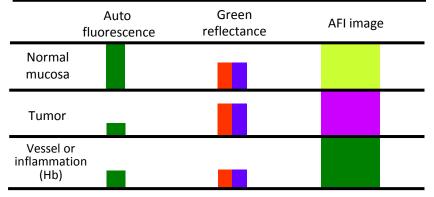
Jeroen C et al, Am J Gastroenterol, 2006

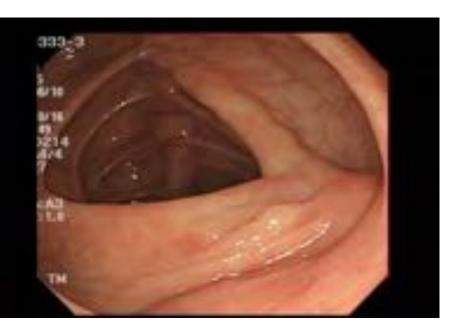


Autofluorescence Imaging (AFI)

How to decrease "miss rate"?





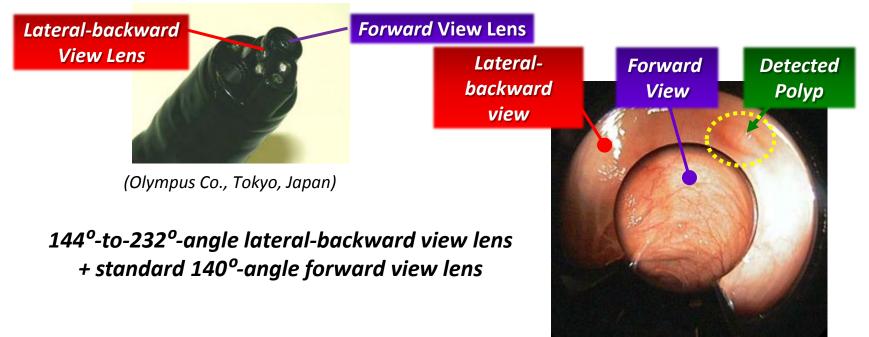


Matsuda T, Saito Y, et al, Am J Gastroenterol, 2008



Extra-wide-angle-view colonoscope

Uraoka T, Matsuda T, et al, GIE, 2013





Extra-wide-angle-view colonoscope

Uraoka T, Matsuda T, et al, GIE, 2013

Extra-wide-angle-view colonoscope may represent an advancement in colorectal polyp detection.

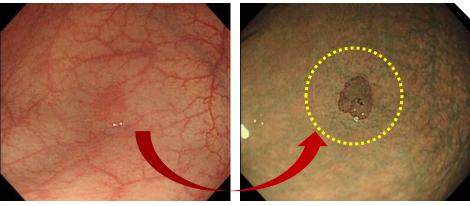


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Differential diagnosis

Improvement of Visibility

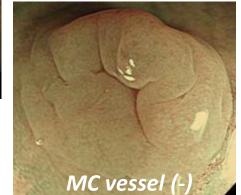


Meshed brown capillary (MC) vessel

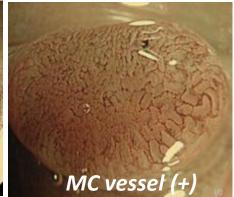
Sano Y, Muto M, et al, Digestive Endoscopy 2005

+ Magnification

Hyperplastic polyp

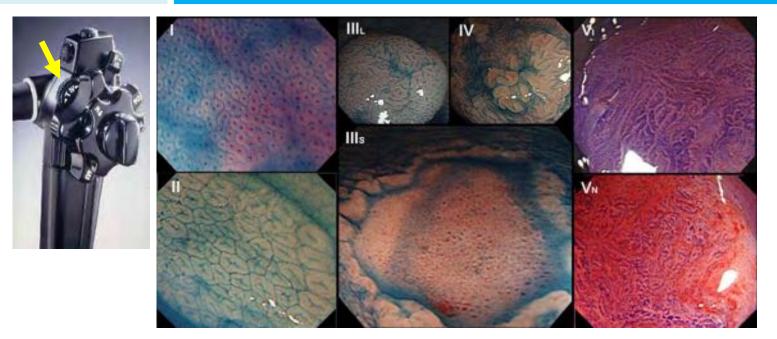


Adenomatous polyp





Pit pattern diagnosis: Kudo's Classification

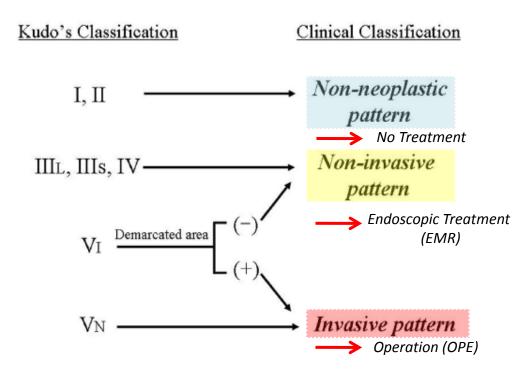


Normal- Hyperplastic

Adenoma (LGD)- HGD- Invasive Cancer



Depth diagnosis



Matsuda T, Fujii T, et al, Am J Gastroenterol, 2008

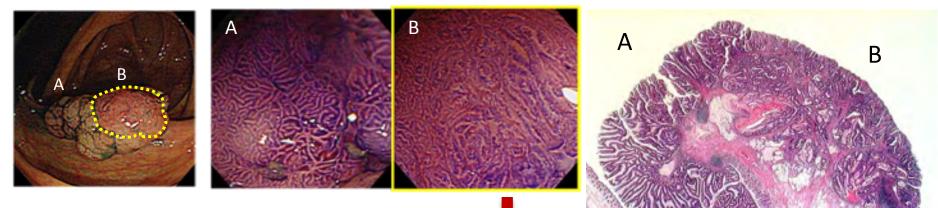


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Depth diagnosis

GISCO



Early invasive cancer (W/D adenocarcinoma) Depth of invasion; SM-deep, LNM (-)

"There is a strong relationship between this pattern and invasive cancer"



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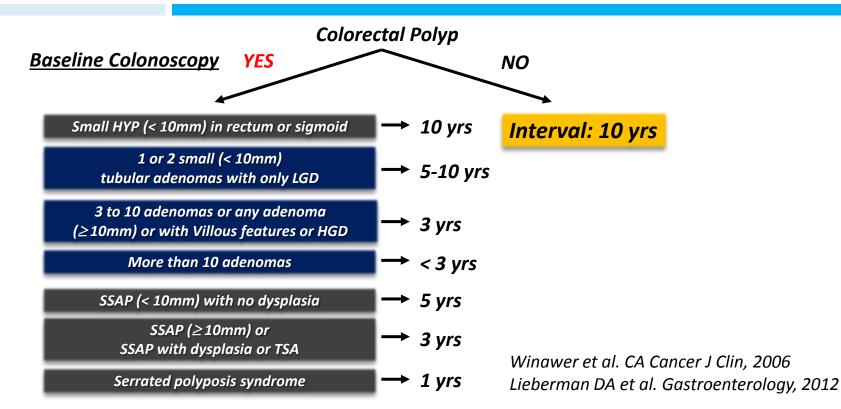
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Japan Polyp Study (JPS) - Since 2000

Multicenter Randomized Control Trial (conducted at 11 Participating Centers)



Guidelines for Colonoscopy Surveillance after Screening and Polypectomy





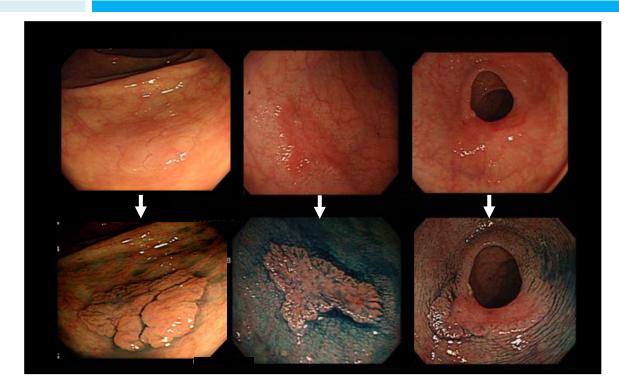
Japan Polyp Study (JPS)

- ✓ No established recommendations for post-polypectomy surveillance in Japan
- ✓ Depressed lesions, including some with advanced histology, have been demonstrated in recent studies from several Western countries and Japan
- ✓ Japanese endoscopists believe that its clinical impact and importance for a long time

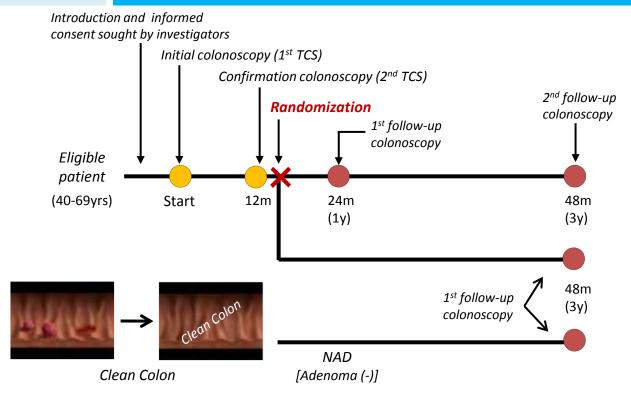




The JPS focuses on "Flat & Depressed" lesions







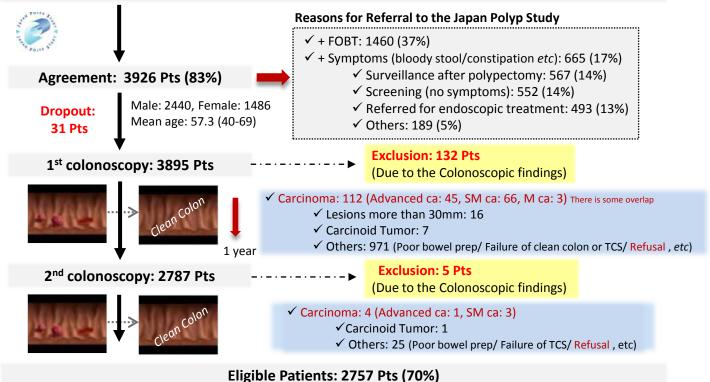


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Recruitment: 4752 Pts (Feb 2003- Dec 2006)

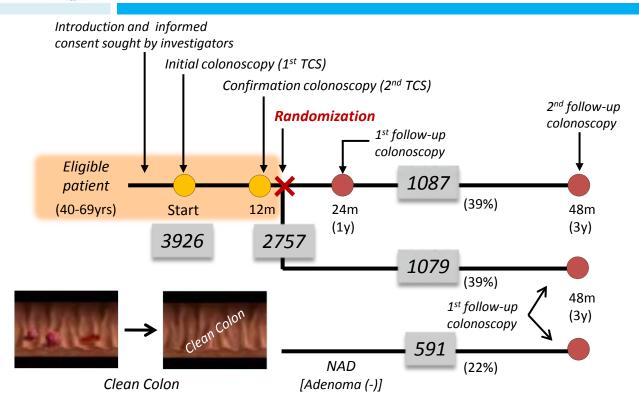
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Current Status of Japan Polyp Study





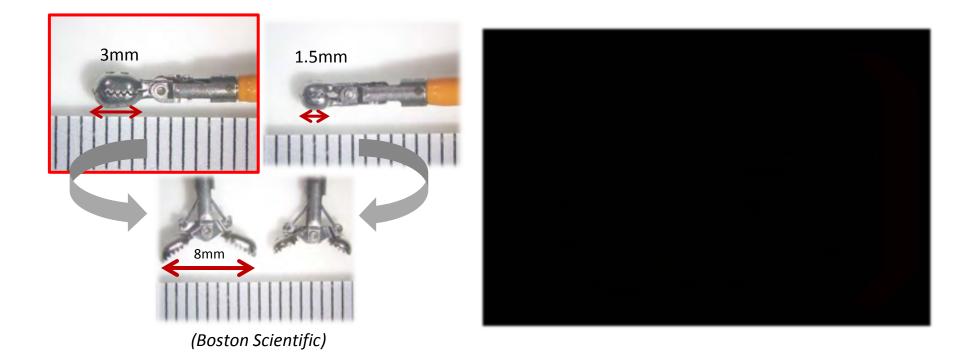


Pathological Diagnosis of All Polyps (1st & 2nd TCS)

Size	Adenoma		HGD	Invasive	Adv.	Others	Total
	LGD	Villous(+)	ngb	cancer	histology	Others	Iotai
≤ 5 mm	5061 (83.9)	21 (0.3)	11 (0.2)	1 (0.02)	33 (0.5)	957 (15.9)	6030 (67.8)
6-9 mm	1559 (86.9)	44 (2.5)	41 (2.3)	6 (0.3)	91 (5.1)	189 (10.5)	1795 (20.2)
≥ 10 mm	672 (62.7)	110 (10.3)	191 (17.8)	109 (10.2)	410 (38.2)	100 (9.3)	1072 (12.0)
Total	7292	175	243	116	534	1246	8897



Cold Biopsy Forceps Polypectomy using Jumbo Biopsy Forceps

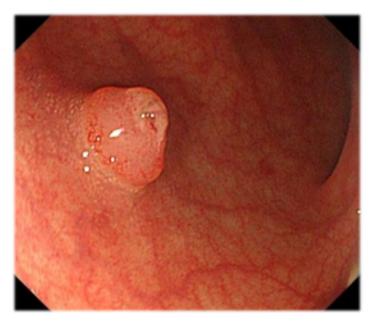


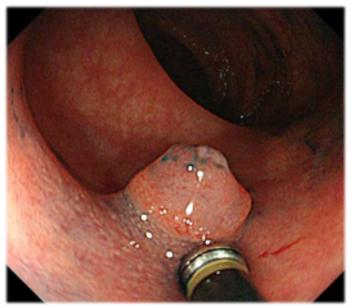


60 y.o, Female

Location: Sigmoid colon, Size: 5 mm

Conventional White Light

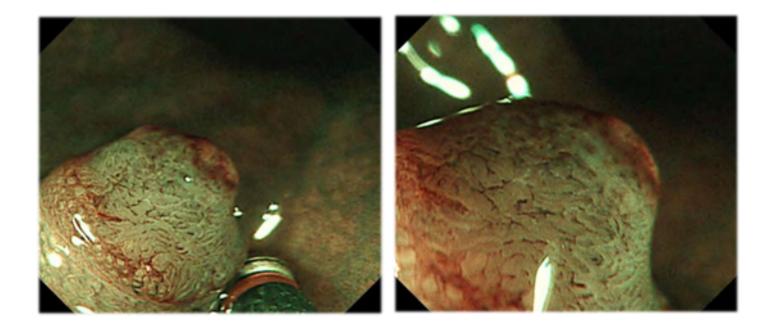






60 y.o, Female

Narrow Band Imaging (NBI)



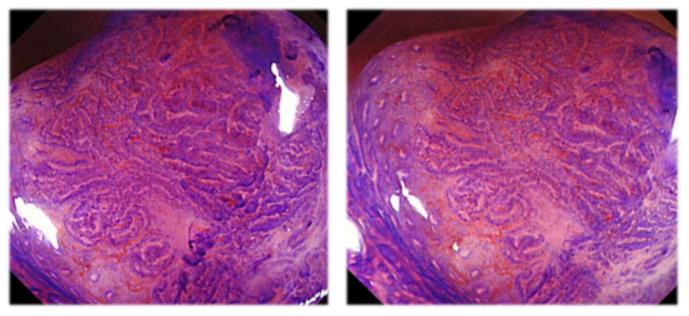


60 y.o, Female Chromoendoscopy (Indigo carmine dye)





60 y.o, Female Magnifying Chromoendoscopy (MCE)



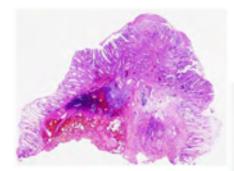
0.05% Crystal Violet Staining



60 y.o, Female

Histopathological Findings

2000 µm

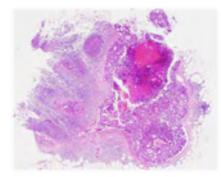


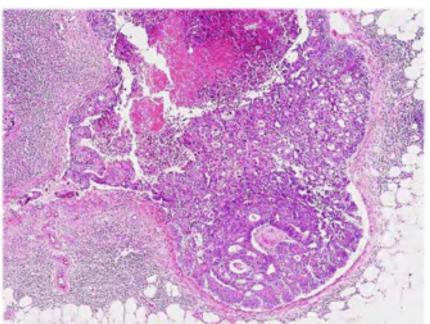
EMR: W/D and M/D adenocarcinoma, SM-deep (2000μm), ly (-), v (-), Cut end (-)



60 y.o, Female

Early Invasive Cancer with LNM



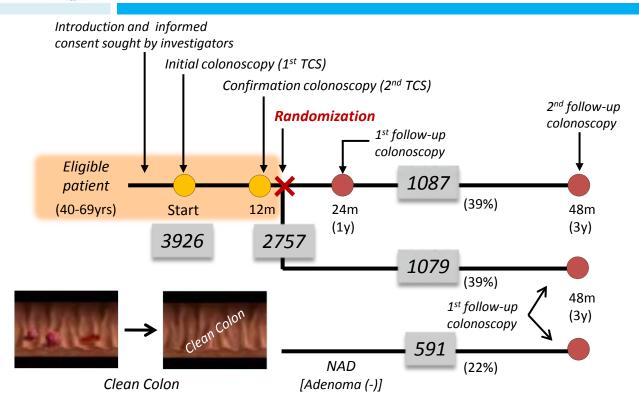


EMR+ additional surgical operation No residual tumor, LNM (+)





Current Status of Japan Polyp Study





Before randomization, we attempted to remove all neoplastic polyps

 We can evaluate the "miss rate" and risk for "Index lesions (ILs)" one year after initial "clean colon"

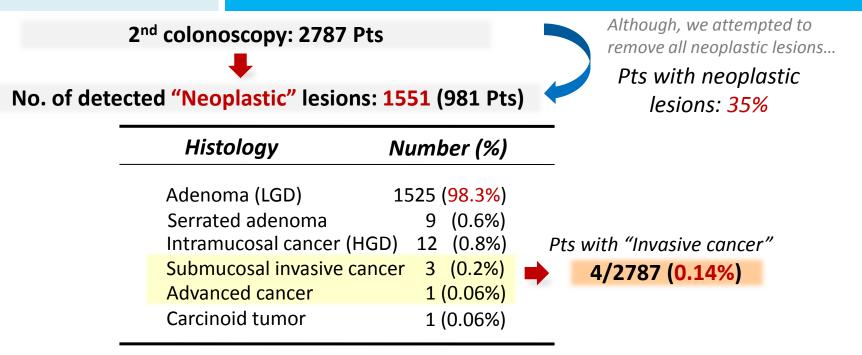


Index Lesion (IL)

Adenoma ≥ 10 mm Intramucosal cancer (HGD) Invasive cancer



Clinical Features of Identified Lesions - 2nd Colonoscopy: Histology -



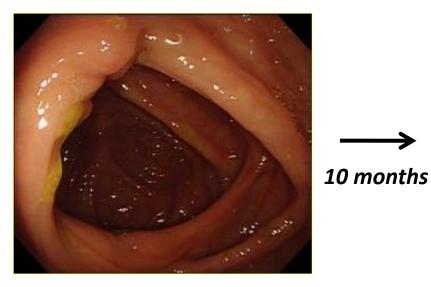


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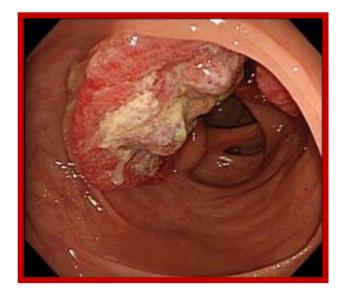
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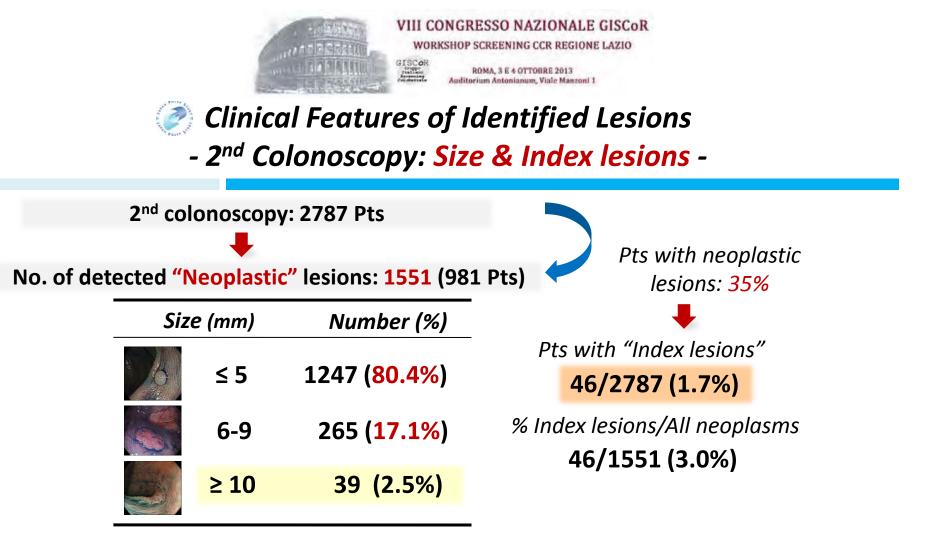
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Initial colonoscopy (1st CS)



Confirmation colonoscopy (2nd CS)

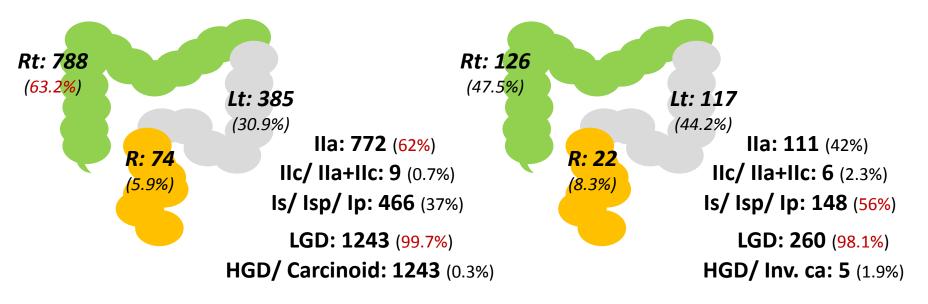




Characteristics of the "Diminutive / small lesions"

Diminutive lesion ($\leq 5 \text{ mm}$): n=1247

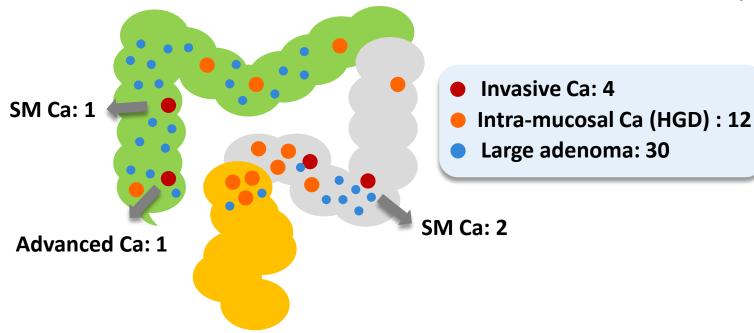
Small lesion (6-9 mm): n=265





Characteristics of the "Index Lesions"

Pts with "Index lesions" after Clean Colon 46/2787 (1.7%)

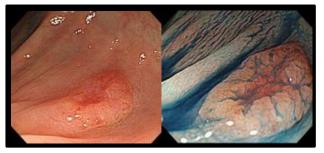




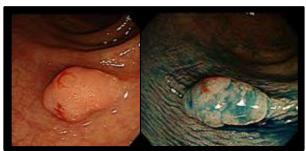
Lesion (A); A/C, 0-Is, 12 mm

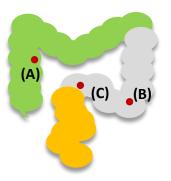


Lesion (B); D/C, 0-IIa+IIc, 8 mm



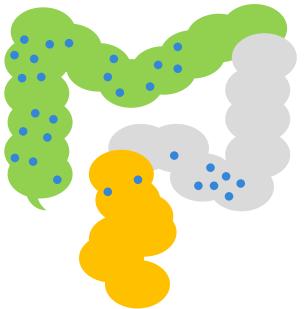
Lesion (C); S/C, 0-Is, 9 mm







Characteristics of the "Index Lesions"



Large adenoma (>10 mm): 30

Rt-Colon: 21 % Non-polypoid: 67% (14/21) LST-NG^{*}: 9, Is/ Ip: 7, LST-G: 5,

Lt-Colon/ RS: 9 % Non-polypoid: 11% (1/9) Is/ Ip: 8, LST-NG^{*}: 1

* LST: laterally spreading tumor, LST-NG: non-granular, LST-G: granular type



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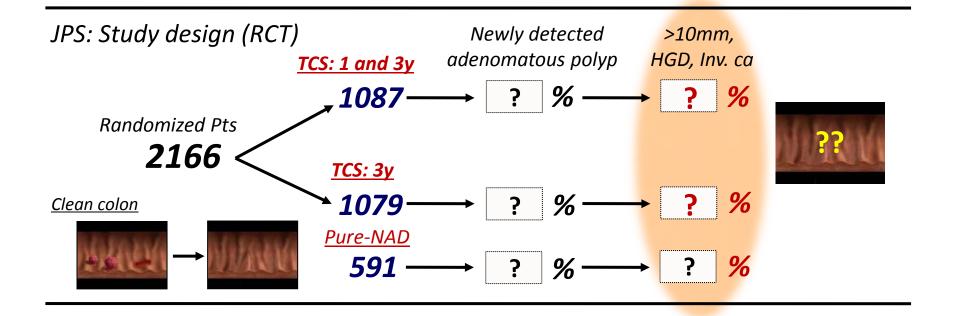
Cases: Flat lesions (LST-NG)







Japan Polyp Study (JPS)





- ✓ Incidence of all neoplastic lesions after clean colon (2nd-TCS) was still high (35%)
- ✓ Low rate of advanced histology
- ✓ To reduce the "interval cancers", early detection for the "rightsided large flat lesions" may hold an important role
- Resect & discard strategy might be acceptable as a treatment of each diminutive and small polyps, but it could lead to inadequate recommendation for colonoscopic surveillance after polypectomy unless "detailed and accurate" endoscopic diagnosis



Japan Polyp Study Workgroup - Since 2000

Group Meeting – Dec 3, 2010

Thank you for your kind attention!

Japan Polyp Study Workgroup Takahisa Matsuda, MD, PhD National Cancer Center Hospital Endoscopy Division