

VIII CONGRESSO NAZIONALE GISCOR

WORKSHOP SCREENING CCR REGIONE LAZIO

ROMA, 3 E 4 OTTOBRE 2013 Auditorium Antonianum, Viale Manzoni 1

Miglioramento continuo della qualità: il protocollo diagnostico-terapeutico ed il re-training degli Endoscopisti

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PREVENZIONE E DIAGNOSI PRECOCE **DEI TUMORI DEL COLON RETTO**

MODELLO ORGANIZZATIVO E PROTOCOLLO DIAGNOSTICO TERAPELITICO DEL PROGRAMM DI SCREENING NELLA REGIONE LAZIO



Lucio Petruzziello

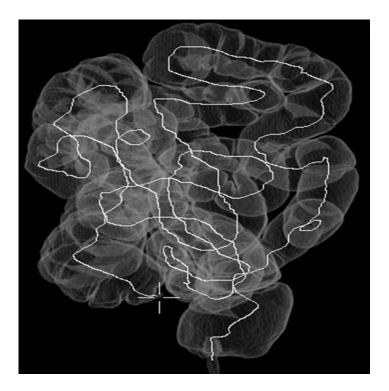
MPEGNO PER L'ECCELLENZA

Policlinico A. Gemelli

EETC - Roma



Colonoscopy: a "complex" procedure ...

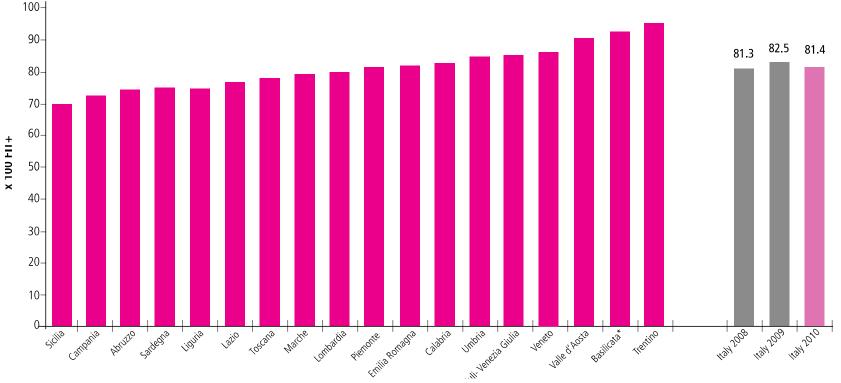




Italian CRC Screening: II Level Quality Indicators

		1
proporzione aderenti al II livello	> 85%	> 90%
proporzione di colonscopie complete	> 85%	> 90%
proporzione di polipectomie non contestuali	< 10%	
tasso di identificazione (carcinoma)		
primi esami	> 2.0 per mille	> 2.5 per mille
esami successivi	> 1.0 per mille	> 1.5 per mille
tasso di identificazione (adenoma avanzato)		
primi esami	> 7,5 per mille	> 10,0 per mille
esami successivi	> 5,0 per mille	> 7,5 per mille
VPP del FOBT alla colonscopia per AA o K		
primi esami	> 25%	> 30%
esami successivi	> 15%	> 20%

CRC Screening in Italy (2010) Adhesion to Colonoscopy for FOBT+



Zorzi M. Lo screening colorettale in Italia: survey 2010



Continuous Quality Improvement (CQI)

Screening Colonoscopy Standards in Italy

- Completion Rate > 85% (acceptable) or > 90% (desirable)
- Withdrawal time (6'-10')
- Good to Excellent bowel prep
- Adenomas yeld in > 15% of asymptomatic pts
- Complications Registry
- Patient's satisfaction questionnaire
- Immediate polypectomy for polyps at low risk for complications (< 2 cm?)
- Biopsy (?) and delayed polypectomy for other polyps

Source: Italian Ministry of Health. 2005-2006

Credentialing & Certification

PREVENZIONE E DIAGNOSI PRECOCE DEI TUMORI DEL COLON RETTO

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Formazione operatori dedicati allo screening

- Personale medico fornito di specializzazione in endoscopia o almeno 10 anni di attività in centri di endoscopia
- Ogni medico dedicato deve aver eseguito, nell'anno precedente, almeno 300 colonscopie
- Ogni medico dedicato deve essere incorso, nei due anni precedenti, in meno del 2‰ di complicazioni maggiori

How to support the Endoscopists who do not achieve the Standards ?







Nurses Units Commissioning

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The JAG ensures the quality and safety of patient care by defining and maintaining the standards by which endoscopy is practised in the UK.



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Jun 11	~	
08 Jun	Torbay	Fully Booked
nuL 80	Wolverhampton	Fully Booked
14 Jun	Liverpool	Fully Booked
21 Jun	Sheffield	Only 1 place left
27 Jun	Yorkshire	Fully Booked

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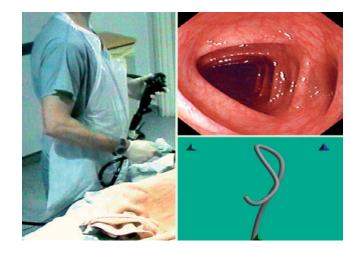


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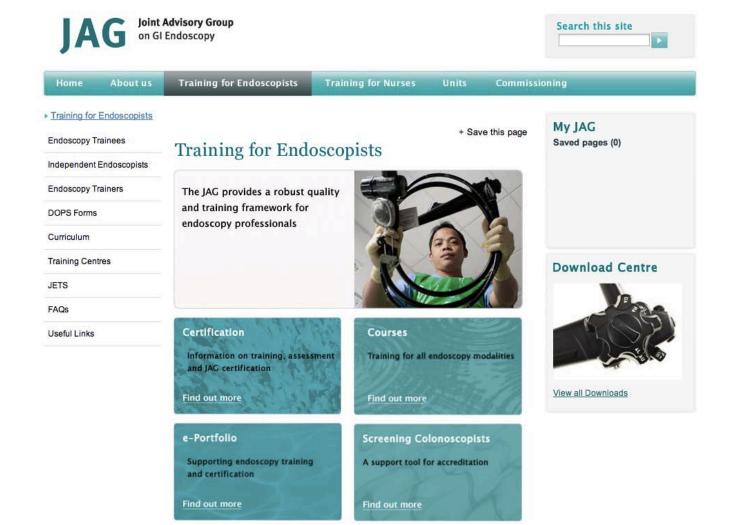
Intensive training over 5 days improves colonoscopy skills long-term

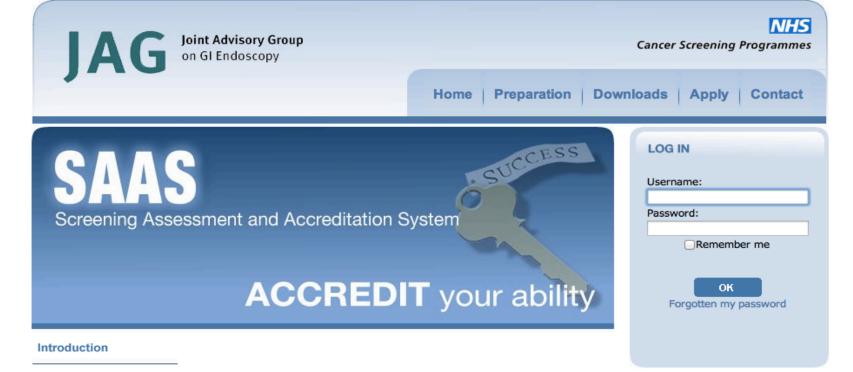


Training and assessments within Accelerated Colonoscopy Training Week (ACTW)

Timetable for ACTW		Pre-training Assessments
Day 1:		MCQ
Assessments & live case training		Simulator test cases
Days 2 & 3: Simulator & and live case training		DOPS: Live case assessment
Day 4:		Tri-split video assessment
Live case training & assessments		Post-training Assessments
Day 5:		MCQ
Simulator training & assessment		Simulator test cases
		DOPS: Live case assessment Tri-split video assessment
Training and assessments at follo		
Practice at base hospital – 9 months	(5 – 13))
Follow-up (1 – 2 days)		Follow-up Assessments
Live case training & assessments		MCQ
		Simulator test cases
		DOPS: Live case assessment Tri-split video assessment

S. Thomas–Gibson, Endoscopy 2007





The NHS Bowel Cancer Screening Programme (NHS BCSP) is being implemented over a 3 year period and the aim is to recruit expert colonoscopists to carry out the 30,000 extra colonoscopies required to fulfil the programme. Given the known variability in colonoscopic skills, strict criteria for the accreditation of screening endoscopists have been developed to minimise the risks of complications and inaccurate and incomplete examinations.

There are several advantages of this accreditation process, both to the unit and the individual endoscopists involved. Accreditation is an essential part of the preparations for the implementation of screening locally. It also provides an opportunity to demonstrate high level colonoscopic skills, and to improve the local endoscopy service. In addition it will help those clinicians who wish to teach colonoscopy, locally or on courses.

To find out more about the accreditation process see the Guidelines section.





Italian CRC Screening Program 2008

Colonoscopy Retraining Working Group

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M.E. Pirola, MD

C. Senore, MD

M. Zappa, MD

Italian CRC Screening Program Colonoscopy "Retraining Program"

- Held by Italian Ministry of Health
- Managed by National Screening Observatory (ONS)
- Region-based
- 1-2 Trainers from each Region
- National "Train-the-Trainers" Course
- Regional "Retraining Courses"

Screening Colonoscopy

Colonoscopy Retraining Targets

- Colonoscopy Technique
- Safe Sedation
- Better diagnostic accuracy
- Immediate therapy (polypectomy-EMR)

Italian CRC Screening Program Colonoscopy "Train the Trainers" Course

- In collaboration with the 3 Gastroenterological Societies (AIGO, SIED, SIGE) and with the Italian Group for CRC Screening (GISCoR)
- 2 Eds (Rome, EETC, Sept. 2007 Campobasso, Oct. 2007)
- 23 Trainers
- 1 Master Colonoscopist (CB Williams)
- 10 Experts (epidemiology, quality, screening principles, sedation, etc.)

Italian CRC Screening Program Colonoscopy

"Train the Trainers" Course



Simulator Training

Hands-on

Italian CRC Screening Program Retraining Courses

 Hands-On One-to-Master (Lazio, 2005)

2007: National "Train the Trainers Course"

Observational

(Lombardia, 2008)

- Hands-On Peer-to-Peer (Emilia Romagna, 2009)
- Hands-On One-to-Master (Veneto, 2010)
- Hands-On One-to-Master (Lazio, 2012)

Assessment of Technical Skill Bowel Cancer Screening Programme

DOPS Assessment form

Certification of screening colonoscopists

Candidate	Scale and Criteria Key			
		Highly skilled pe		
Assessor		Competent and safe throughout procedure, no incorrected errors		
			not yet met, aspects to be improved,	
Assessment Centre		iome errors una		
Assessment Centre		Accepted stand uncorrected	ards not yet met, frequent errors	
		Not applicable		
Date (DD/MM/YYYY) Case Number	• M	ajor Criteria	Minor Criteria	
Headiline Criteria Full Criteria outlined in Grade Descriptors		Score	Comments	
Assessment, consent, communication				
 Obtains informed consent using a structured approach Satisfactory procedural information 				
 Bisk and complications explained 				
 Co-morbidity 				
 Sedation Opportunity for guestions 				
 Opportunity for questions Demonstrates respect for patient's views and dignity during 	the procedure	<u> </u>	4	
		—	4	
 Communicates clearly with patient, including outcome of pro appropriate management and follow up plan. 	codure with			
Safew and sedation				
 Safe and secure IV access 				
 Gives appropriate dose of analgesia and sedation and ensu 	ots adoquato		1	
oxygenation and monitoring of patient	an anadama			
 Demonstrates good communication with the nursing staff, in 	cluding		1 1	
dosages and vital signs				
Endoscopic skills during insertion and procedure				
 Checks endoscope function before intubation 			4 1	
 Performs PR 			4 1	
 Maintains luminal view / inserts in luminal direction 				
 Demonstrates awareness of patient's consciousness and patient's 	ain during the		1	
procedure and takes appropriate action		L	4	
 Uses torque steering and control knobs appropriately 			4	
 Uses distension, suction and lens washing appropriately 				
 Recognises and logically resolves loop formation 				
 Uses position change and abdominal pressure to aid lumina 	al views		1	
 Completes procedure in reasonable time 			1	
Diagnostic and the rapeutic ability				
Adequate mucosal visualisation				
 Recognises caecal landmarks or incomplete examination 			1	
 Accurate identification and management of pathology 			1	
· · · ·		<u> </u>	4	
 Uses diathermy and therapeutic techniques appropriately an 	nd safely		4	
 Recognises and manages complications appropriately 				

Case Difficulty				
Extremely easy	Fairty easy	Average	Fairly difficult	Very challenging
1	2	3	4	5

CB Williams Comments

A: A skilled colonoscopist, successfully intubating a difficult and partially-fixed colon, although the medication given initially proved to be insufficient. The quality of the examination phase could be improved by using <u>slower</u> and precisely-directed steering movements (not 'rock & roll'!).

B : A skilled endoscopist with fairly vigorous technique. Consider:

- Use of position change to optimise endoscopic view when necessary (at Splenic Flexure)
- Instrument rotation to place fluid (or polyp) at the bottom of the view for efficient suction (or targeting)
- Care in avoiding unnecessary re-looping of the sigmoid colon in passing the Splenic Flexure

Colonscopies in FIT+ - Lazio

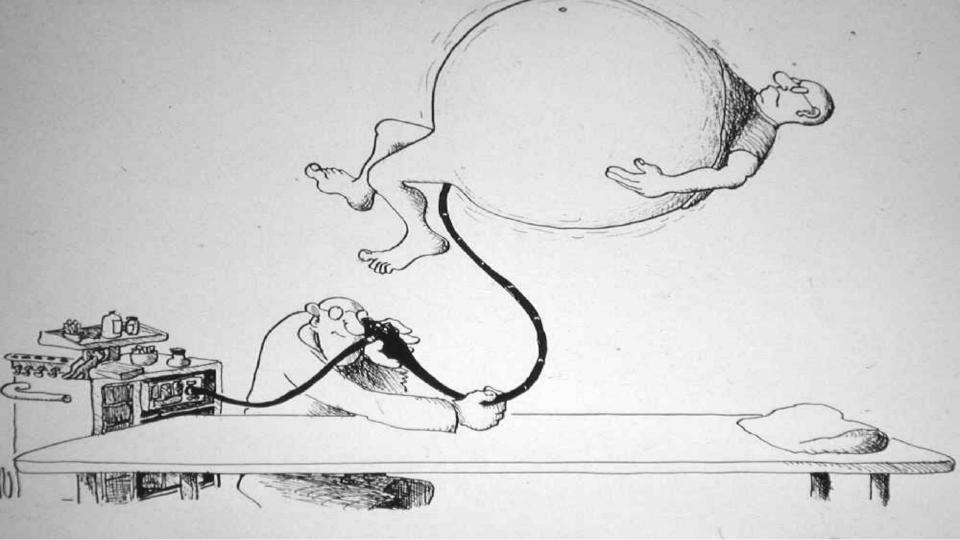
Anni	Colon Eseguite	Colon Complete	Colon complete %
2006	154	127	82%
2007	75	62	83%
2008	629	547	87%
2009	1208	1061	88%
2010	1008	913	91%
2011	1860	1710	92%
2012	1651	1480	90%
Totale	6585	5900	90%

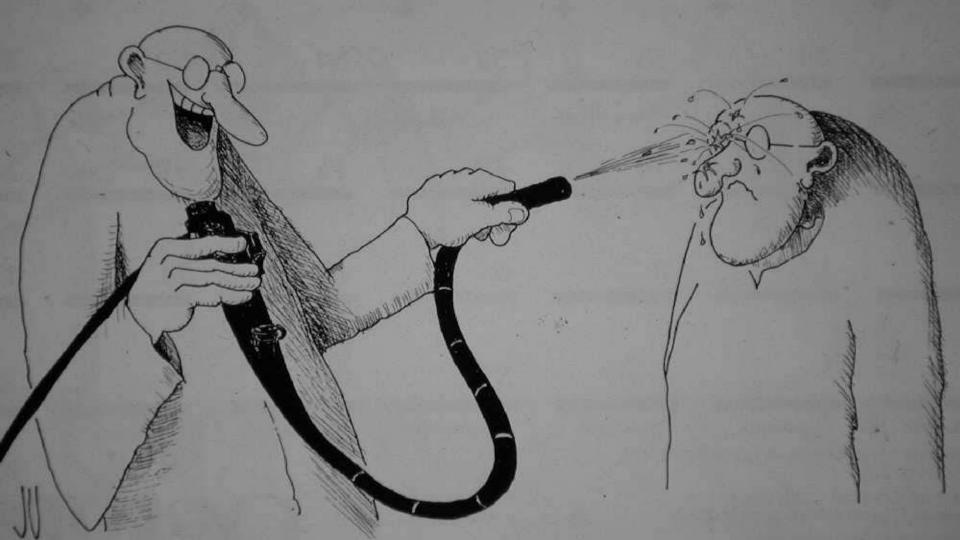
Pediatric vs Standard Colonoscopes



CO_2







Water Jet Pump



Polypectomy / EMR

- Adequate skill to remove polyps or NPL (flat lesions) up to 2 cm (ESD skills not required)
- Knowledge of Guidelines on Anticoagulation and Antiplatelet Therapy management
- Exhaustive knowledge of management of adenomas with invasive carcinoma (pathologic criteria)

Lesions sent to surgery - Lazio

	Invio ad		Adeno-	Adenoma		D · · ·		No
anni	Intervento	Neoplasie	Carcinoma	Avanzato	Iniziale	Benigni	Negativi	Istologia
2005	9	0	8	1	0	0	0	0
2006	12	1	8	3	0	0	0	0
2007	4	0	3	1	0	0	0	0
2008	46	4	33	4	0	0	1	4
2009	88	4	69	5	3	1	2	4
2010	77	5	51	15	1	0	4	1
2011	153	17	107	23	1	1	3	1
2012	122	22	64	28	5	0	2	1
Totale	511	53	343	80	10	2	12	11

"T" of lesions sent to surgery - Lazio

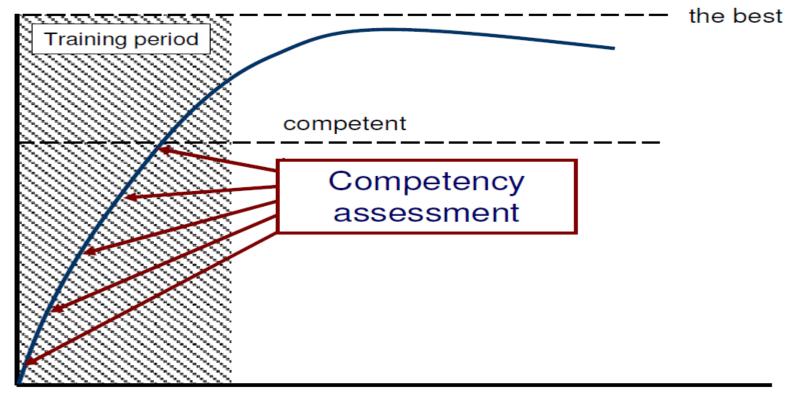
anni	N.D.	ТХ	TO	TIS	T1	T2	Т3	T4
2005	7	0	2	0	0	0	0	0
2006	8	0	1	1	0	0	2	0
2007	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2008	8	0	0	3	3	3	4	0
2009	5	0	3	7	2	11	10	0
2010	12	0	5	8	4	10	7	0
2011	19	0	11	15	6	15	35	9
2012	33	1	4	4	7	10	27	1
Totale	96	1	26	38	22	49	85	10

Why Training for Endoscopic Resections ?



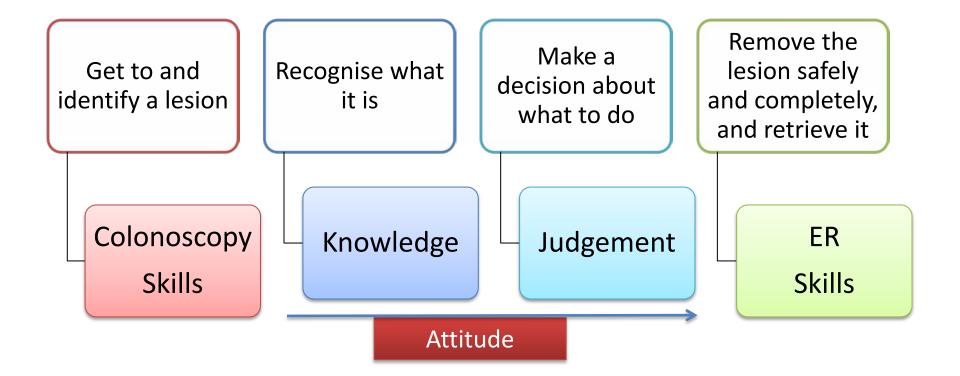
- Removing colonic polyps can be dangerous.
 - The risk of perforation approximately doubles with polypectomy and the risk of bleeding increases to between 1:100 - 1:30
- The larger the polyp, the greater the risks

Endoscopic Resections Training



performance

Competency in Endoscopic Resections





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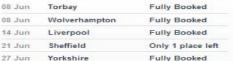
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Basic Skills in Colonoscopy		~
Jun 11	~	
08 Jun	Torbay	Fully Book
08 Jun	Wolverhampton	Fully Book
td. Jun	Liverpool	Fully Book



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21 Jun

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ER: Key performance indicators

- Appropriate removal technique
- Completeness of excision
- Recovery rate
- Proper use of the tattoo
- Complications
- Appropriate surveillance intervals
- Cancer rates in patients under surveillance
- Correct selection of procedures/techniques
- Non-technical skills

Direct Observation of Polypectomy Skills

Validation of a novel method for assessing competency in polypectomy

Sachin Gupta, MBBS, MRCP,¹ Paul Bassett, MSc,² Ripple Man, BSc,¹ Noriko Suzuki, PhD,¹ Margaret E. Vance, MSc,¹ Siwan Thomas-Gibson, MD¹

London, Amersham, United Kingdom

- 59 videos scored
- Majority of the assessors agreed for the global assessment scale in 98% of polyps
- Analysis suggested that DOPyS is a reliable assessment tool, provided that it is used:
 - by 2 assessors
 - to score 5 polypectomy videos all performed by 1 endoscopist.
- DOPyS scores reflect the endoscopist's competence

GIE 2011

Direct Observation of Polypectomy Skills (DOPyS)

DOPyS domains

Generic skills

Stalked polyps

Sessile polyps/EMR

Post-polypectomy

Direct Observation of Polypectomy Skills (DOPyS)

Colonoscopist: Case ID: Date/ Assessor		
Polyp site: C / AC / HF / TC / SF /	/ DC / SC / R	
Scale: 4 - Highly skilled performance 3 - Competent & safe throughout procedure, no uncorrected errors 2 - Some standards not yet met, aspects to be improved, some errors uncorrected 1 - Accepted standards not yet met, frequent errors uncorrected N/A - Not applicable/Not assessable	orrected	
The underlined parameters can only be assessed during 'live' polypectomy		
Generic	Score	Comments
Optimising view of / access to the polyp: 1. Optimises polyp position		1
2. Optimises view by aspiration/insufflation/wash		1
3. Optimises visualization of full extent of polyp]
Determines full extent of lesion (+/- use of adjunctive techniques e.g. bubble breaker, NBI, dye spray etc) if appropriate		
5. Adjusts/stabilizes scope position		
6. Uses appropriate polypectomy technique (e.g. taking into account site in colon)		1
Checks all polypectomy equipment (forceps,snare,clips,loops) available]
Checks (or asks assistant to) snare closure prior to introduction into the scope		
9. Clear instructions to, and utilisation of endoscopy staff		
10. <u>Checks diathermy settings are appropriate</u>		
11. Photo-documents pre and post polypectomy		
Stalked polyps: Generic, then 12. Pre-injects stalk/applies endo-loop/clips prophylactically if appropriate		
13. Selects appropriate snare size		1
14. Directs snare accurately over polyp head		1
15. Correctly selects en-bloc or piecemeal removal depending on size		1
16. Advances snare sheath towards stalk as snare closed		1
17. Places snare at appropriate position on the stalk		1
18. Mobilises polyp to ensure appropriate amount of tissue is trapped within snare		1
19. Applies appropriate degree of diathermy		1
Small sessile lesions / Endoscopic mucosal resection: Generic, then 20. Adequate submucosal injection using appropriate injection technique, maintaining views		
21. Only proceeds if the lesion lifts adequately]
22. Directs snare accurately over the lesion head		-
23. Correctly selects en-bloc or piecemeal removal depending on size		-
24. Appropriate positioning of snare over lesion as snare closed		1
25. Ensures appropriate amount of tissue is trapped within snare]
26. Tents lesion gently away from the mucosa		-
27. Uses cold snare technique or applies appropriate diathermy, as applicable		
28. Ensures adequate haemostasis prior to further resection		
Post polypectomy		
29. Examines remnant stalk/polyp base		
30. Identifies and appropriately treats residual polyp]
 Identifies bleeding and performs adequate endoscopic hemostasis if appropriate]
32. Retrieves, or attempts retrieval of polyp		1
33. Checks for retrieval of polyp		1
34. Places tattoo if appropriate		1

Overall Competency at polypectomy:	4	3	2	1
Polyp Level	4	3	2	1
Was it appropriate to remove this polyp at index colonoscopy (i.e. on standard BCS consent)	YES	NO	Polyp size	mm

Future perspectives - Principles

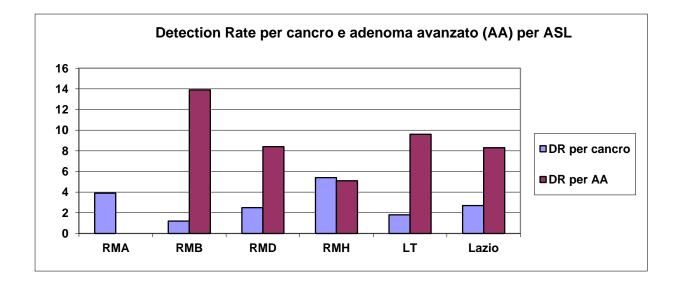
- Create a culture in which individuals are willing to improve their skills
- Provide opportunities for better training
- Recognize and reward those who perform well

Future Perspectives - Actions

- Not all endoscopists should be involved in a Screening Program
- A voluntary-based selection should be made by self-certification
- The selected trainees should attend a Retraining Course, followed by annual assessment of skills and performances
- Specific Retraining will then be appropriate for those not complying

Thank You for your Kind Attention

VPP del FIT alla colonscopia: Detection Rate per Cancro e per Adenoma Avanzato



Livello desiderabile DR cancro:>2,5‰ Livello accettabile DR cancro:>2‰ Livello desiderabile DR AA:>10‰

Livello accettabile DR AA:>7,5‰